

Nancy L. Green

La féminisation des flux migratoires et les inégalités hommes-femmes



"Happy Laundry Girls," 1891

JECO
Lyon
7 novembre 2018

Peur de la femme seule



Femmes de mauvaise réputation envoyée de Paris à la Louisiane, 1726

Babouchkas avant



© U.S. Government Justice Immigration and Naturalization Service/National Geographic Society/Corbis

Polish and Slavic immigrant women wearing
I.D. tags at the turn of the 20th century
Ellis Island, Statue of Liberty National Monument,
New Jersey, New York City, USA

Couvre-chefs d'aujourd'hui



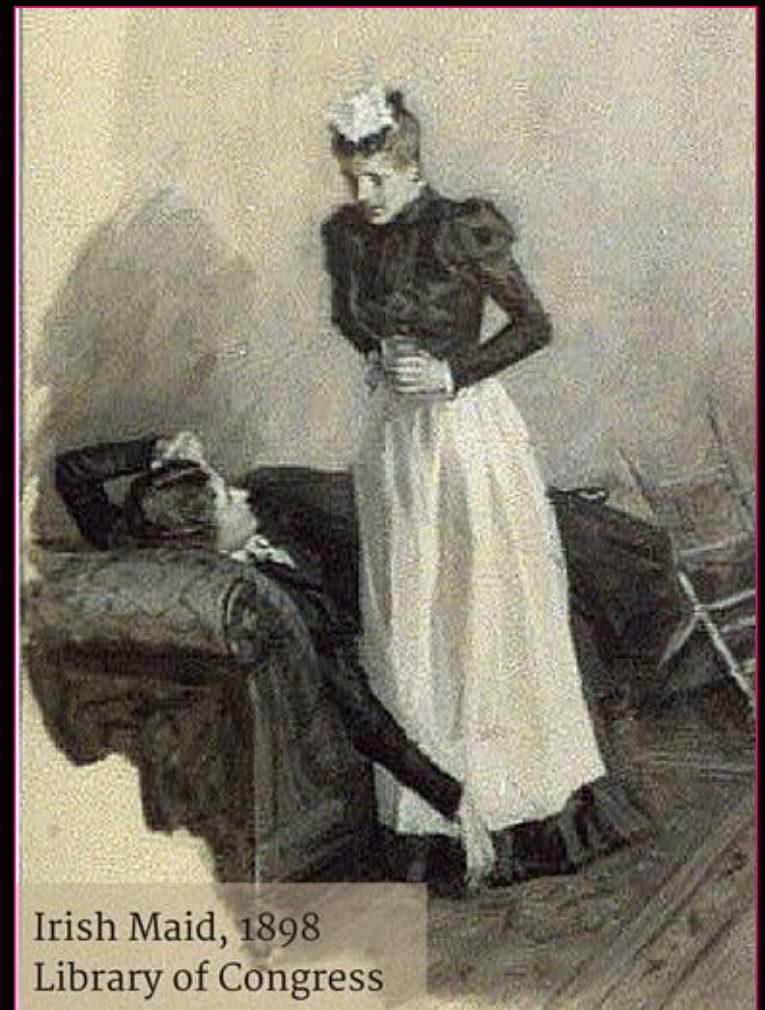
“Immigration Reform 2015: US Asylum Backlogs Soaring,
Testing Patience For Those Fleeing Persecution”
International Business Times



Domestiques irlandaises



*"Happy Laundry Girls,"
Irlandaises,
publicité 1891 pour
Kirkman's Borax Soap*



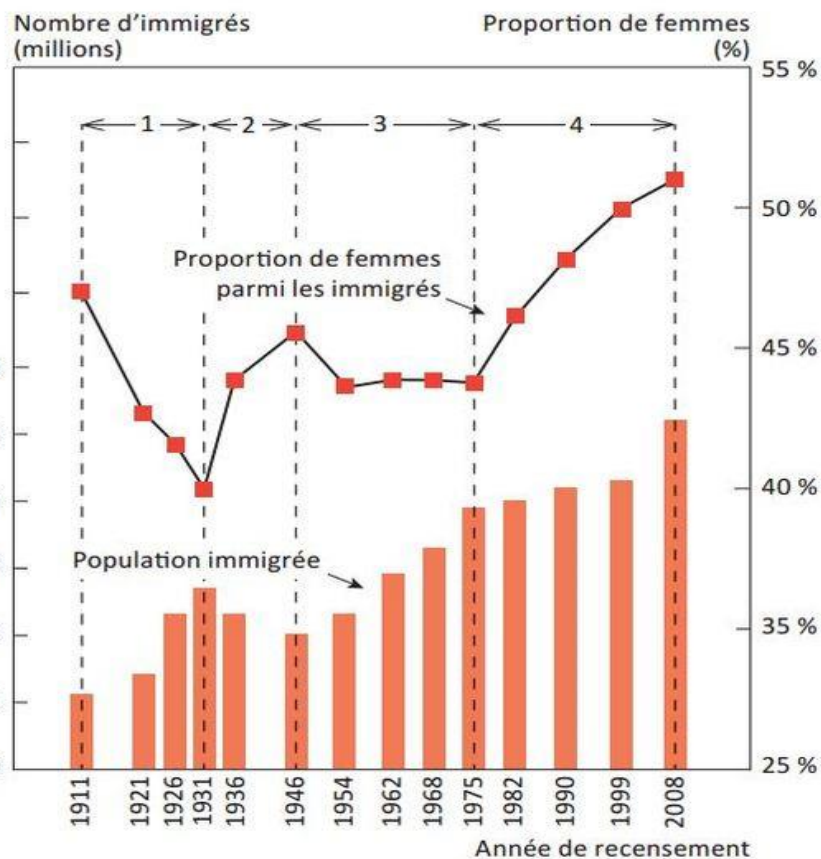
*Irish Maid, 1898
Library of Congress*

National Women's History Museum

"In America, those daughters developed a reputation for independence. They became education advocates, civil rights leaders, and cultural critics. They changed America."

Immigrés, dont femmes, 1911-2011

Figure 1. Population immigrée en France métropolitaine et part des femmes depuis 1911



Source : Insee, recensements de la population de 1911 à 2008.

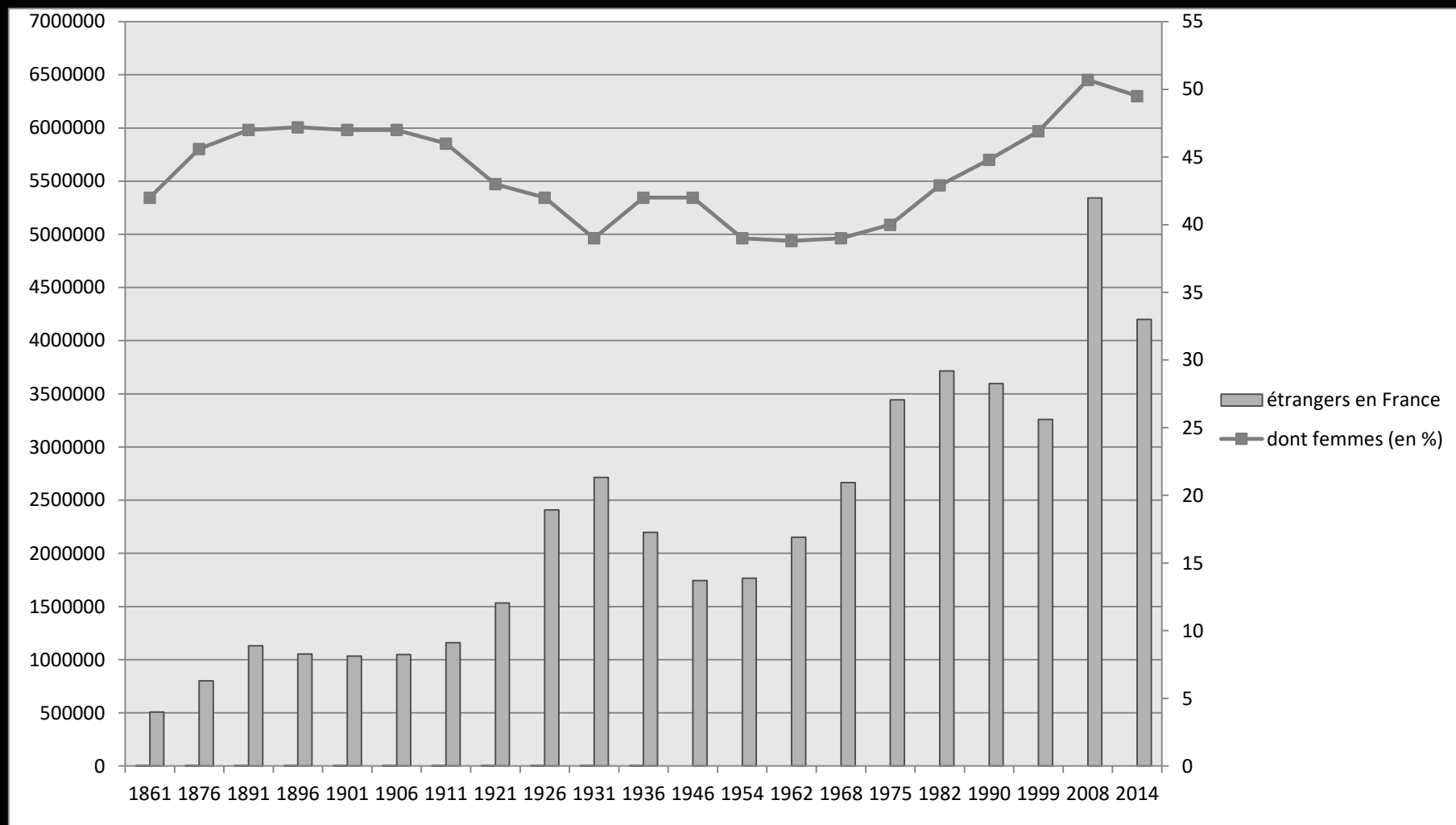
Extrait de : « fiche immigrée ». *France portrait social*, Insee, 2011.

Champ : France métropolitaine.

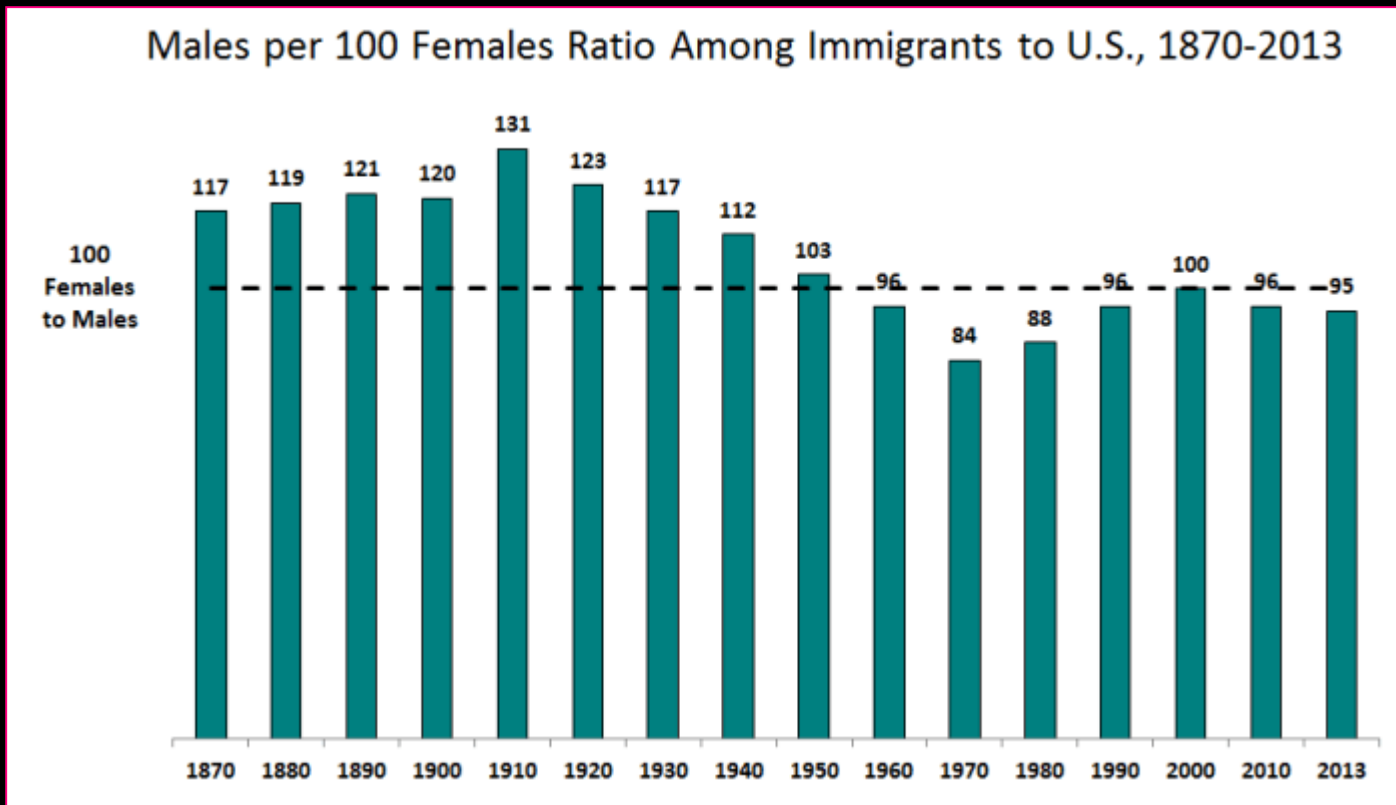
(C. Beauchemin, *Population et Sociétés*, no. 502, Ined, juillet-août 2013)

C. Beauchemin, à partir de données d' INSEE

Etrangers, dont femmes, en France, 1861-2014



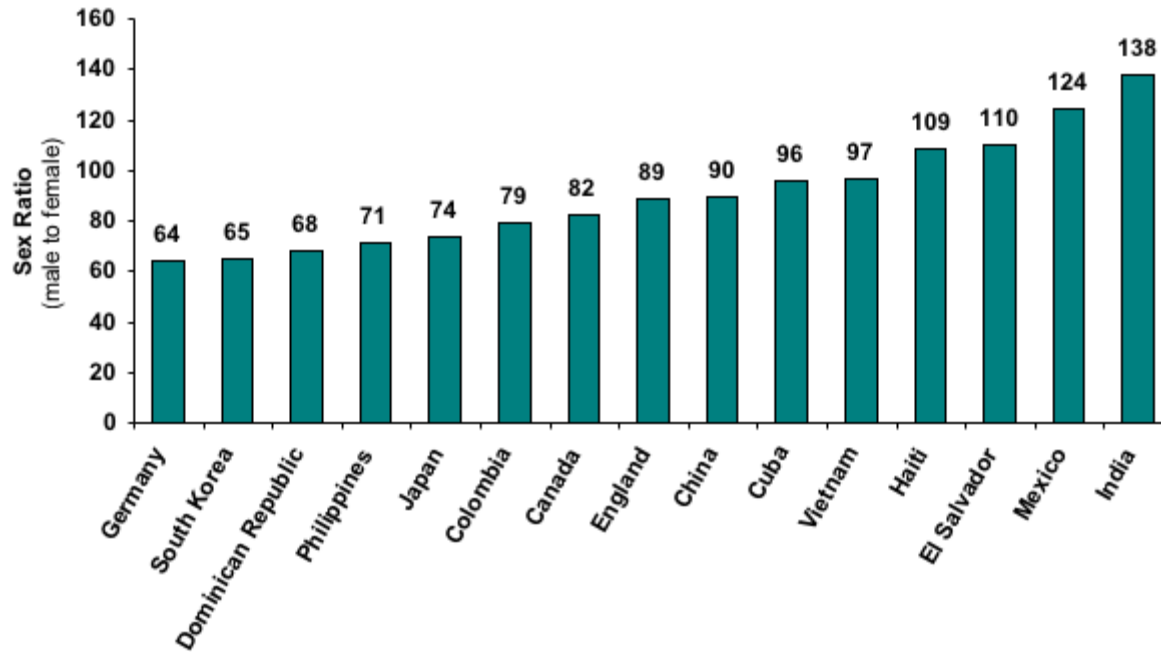
Hommes/Femmes Ratio Immigrants aux Etats-Unis, 1870-2013



Migration Policy Institute

Etrangères selon nationalité d'origine, USA, 2002

Graph 2:
Sex Ratios for the Foreign Born by Selected Countries of Birth, for the
United States: 2002



Source: US Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, March Supplement, 2002