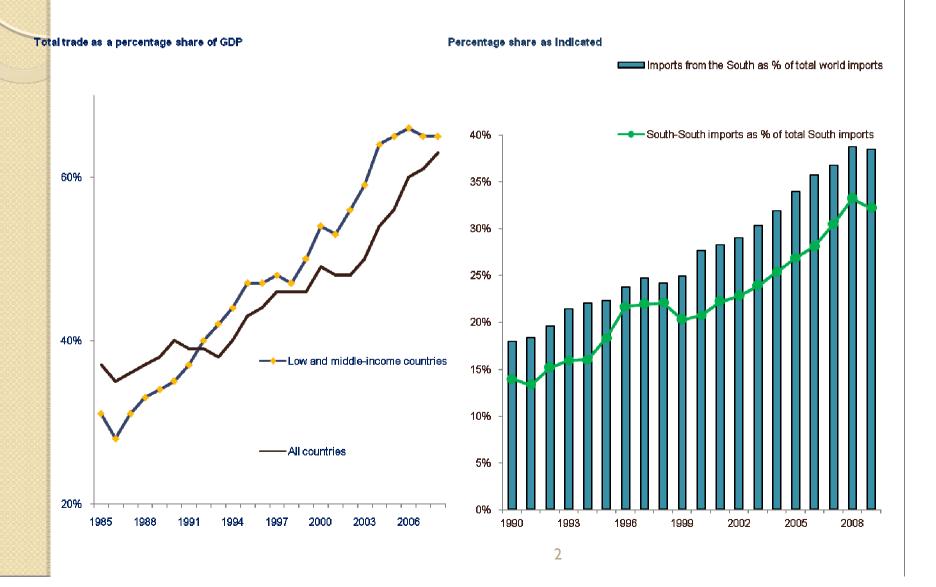
### Globalization and the Rise of Emerging Markets

Bernard Hoekman Banque Mondiale

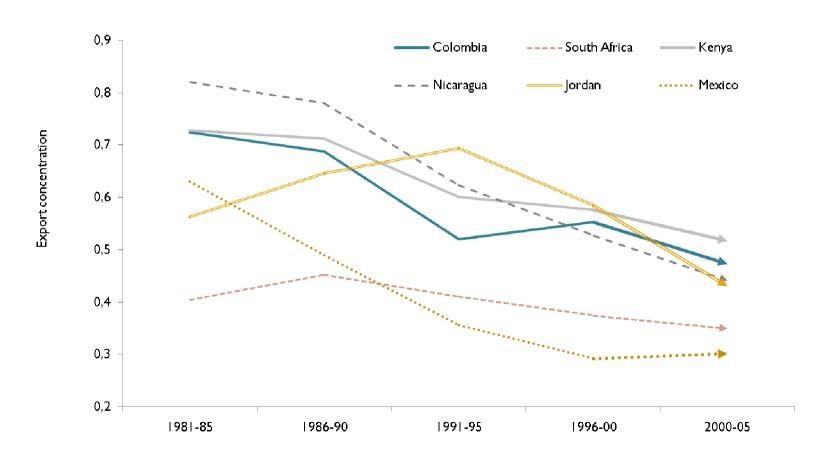
« Marchés émergents: Espoirs et désillusions » Lyon, Novembre 9, 2011

#### Trade/GDP and South-South trade



#### Steady diversification of exports

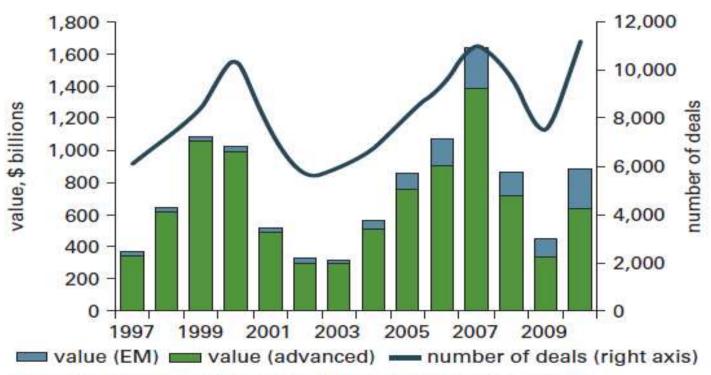
Export Concentration Indices; Selected Economies; 1981-2005.



Source: Haddad et al. (chapter 11).

#### Rise of emerging-market multinationals

Total cross-border M&A deals by firms from advanced economies and emerging-market economies, 1997–2010

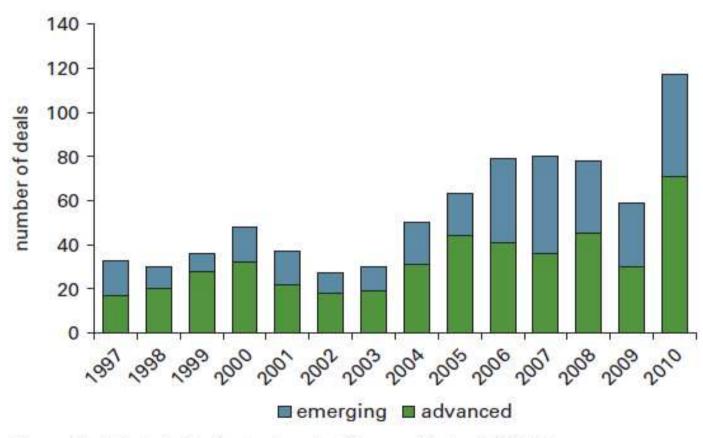


Source: World Bank staff estimates based on Thomson-Reuters SDC Platinum.

Note: EM = emerging markets.

# Low-income countries have benefited from the growth in South-South FDI flows

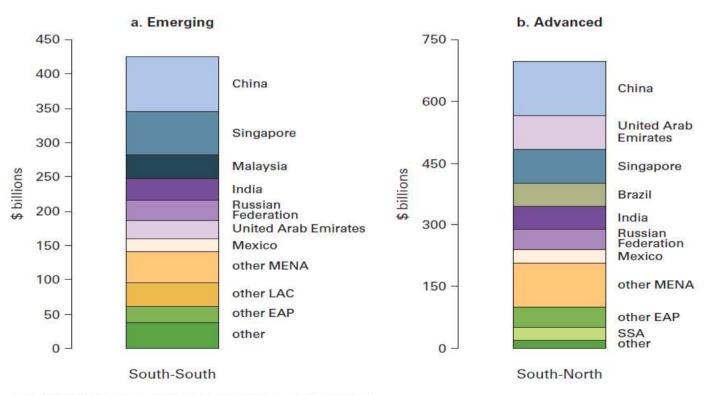
Cross-border M&A investment to low income countries, 1997–2010



Source: World Bank staff estimates based on Thomson-Reuters SDC Platinum.

## Largest and fastest-growing emerging markets are the source of most cross-border M&A

China, India, and the Russia are among the top 10 emerging-market source countries of cross-border M&A transactions by number of deals

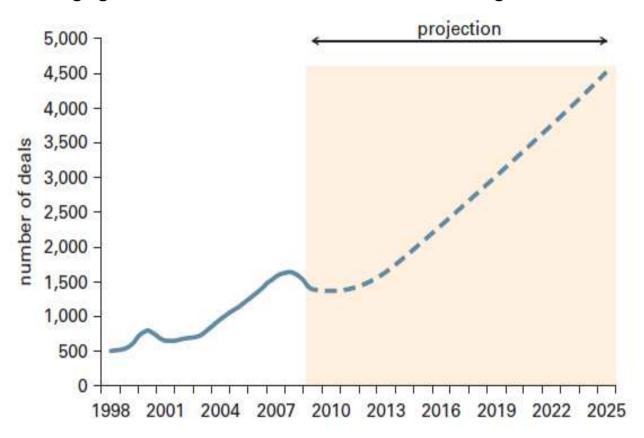


Source: World Bank staff estimates based on Thomson-Reuters SDC Platinum.

Note: EAP = East Asia and the Pacific; LAC = Latin America and the Caribbean; MENA = Middle East and North Africa; SSA = Sub-Saharan Africa.

# Growth and globalization of emerging economies will likely continue

Projected emerging-market outbound cross-border deals through 2025



Source: World Bank staff estimates.

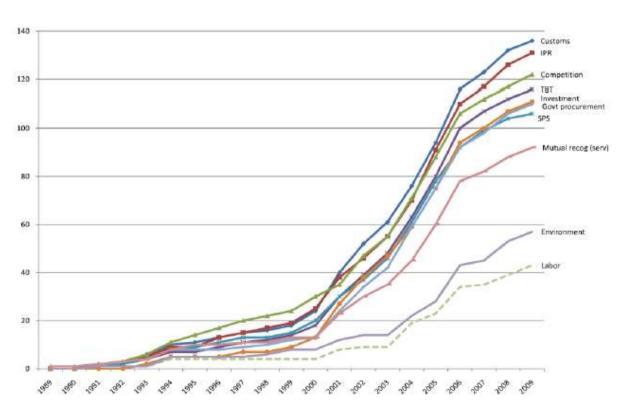
Note: Based on the 53 countries for which complete data are available.

#### Managing integration pressures

- Open trading system supported trade growth
- Some emerging markets imposing greater barriers to trade post-crisis, but levels of openness not significantly affected (so far)
- WTO deals mainly with trade in products
  - No general rules on investment
  - Limited disciplines on industrial policies, subsidies and government procurement
- Doha Round in trouble

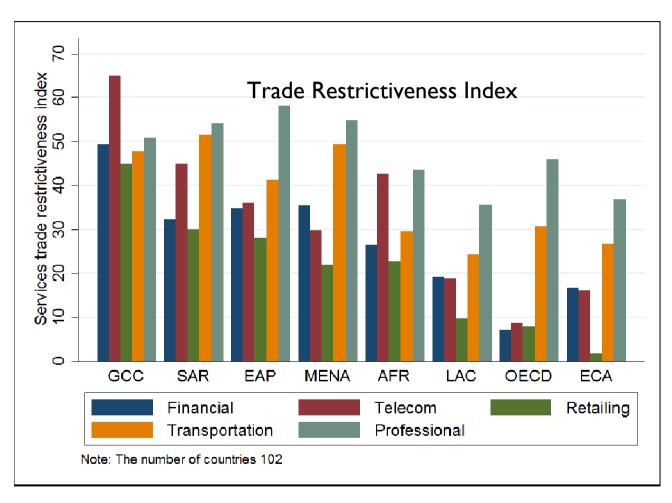
#### Regional integration: substitute for WTO?

#### Issues Covered in PTAs 1989-2009



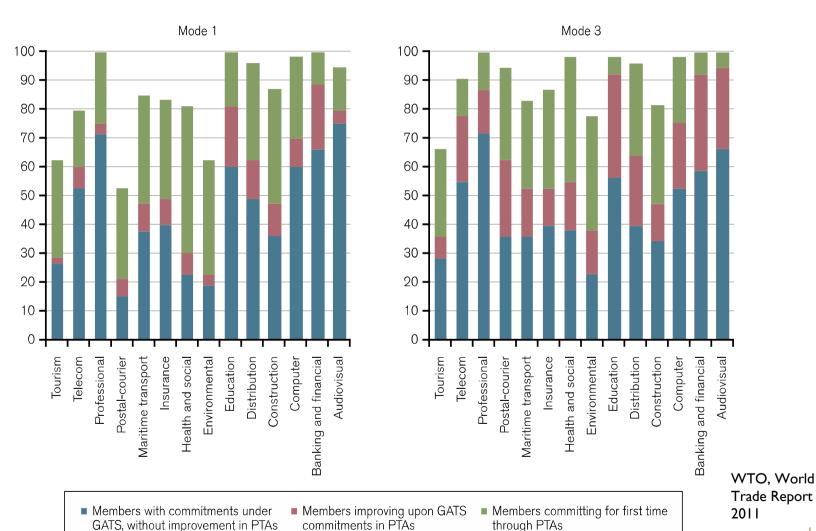
source WITO RTA database; World Bank Global Preferential Trade Agreements database; Global Economic Prospects (World Bank 2005), and additional observations based on Horr, Mauroleis, and Sepir 1009.
Note: IPRs, intellectual property rights: SPS, sonitary and phytosenbary; TBT, rechrical burriers to trade.

#### Lowering services restrictions a priority



Source: Ingo Borchert, Batshur Gootiiz and Aaditya Mattoo (2011), World Bank forthcoming.

# Commitments on services in PTAs compared to WTO, by sector, cross-border and FDI (%)



#### Revitalizing Multilateral Cooperation

- Areas (an incomplete list!)
  - Liberalization of trade and investment in services
  - Rules for climate change-motivated trade policies
  - Export restrictions to support local consumption
  - Subsidies and "green" industrial policy
  - Access to natural resources
  - Access/rules for direct investment
  - Discriminatory procurement ("Buy National")
- In the interest of emerging markets themselves
- Requires "leadership" i.e., mobilization of domestic interest groups and cross-country coalitions
- Precondition: less negotiation; more communication and learning